

## Developing Safety Plans

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Sufficient when considering safety plans refers to:

- A) Sufficiency is not considered when developing safety plans.
- B) Well-thought out approach, containing the most suitable people taking the necessary actions, frequently enough to control danger threats.
- C) Sufficient information collection.
- D) Parents have agreed to the safety plan.
- E) Only considered when the plan is an in home safety plan.

2. Case plans are safety plans.

- True
- False

3. The primary purpose of a safety plan is to?

- A) Justify child placement.
- B) Treat diminished caregiver protective capacities.
- C) Control for danger, either present or impending.
- D) Allow for information collection to occur.
- E) None of the above.

4. Conditions for return are:

- A) Only developed when the safety plan is an out of home safety plan.
- B) Written statement that identifies specific circumstances that must exist within a child's home to implement an in home safety plan.
- C) What must change in the caregivers protective capacity.
- D) Used to determine when a case can be closed.
- E) A and B.

5. There are 11 safety planning analysis criteria/questions:

- True
- False

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6. Safety services refers to what types of services:
- A) Services to enhance caregiver protective capacities.
  - B) Services to the foster/relative placements to assist with caretaking.
  - C) Case plan services.
  - D) Services specific to supporting and executing the safety plan.
  - E) All are examples safety services.
7. Anyone can participate as a safety service provider when developing a safety plan:
- True
  - False
8. After developing a present danger safety plan, the Family Functioning Assessment should be completed within?
- A) As soon as possible.
  - B) Before 60 days.
  - C) The same day as the present danger assessment.
  - D) Within 14 days.
  - E) There is no timeframe for completion of the Family Functioning Assessment when a present danger safety plan has been developed.
9. Developing a sufficient safety plan at impending danger requires:
- A) Not sure what it requires.
  - B) A full understanding of how the impending danger threats are occurring within the home.
  - C) Acknowledgement by the parents that they harmed their children.
  - D) Legal intervention.
  - E) None of the above.
10. The most intrusive safety plan is out of home placement of a child.
- True
  - False