Safety Management & Safety Services

- 1. Which one of the following is not part of Florida's Service Array?
- _____A) Safety management services
- ____B) Child well-being services
- ____C) Adult functioning services
- ____D) Treatment services
- ____E) Family support Services
- 2. Safety plans must never be modified, once they are established they remain the same for the life of the case.

_____True False

- 3. Which of the following is not a safety category?
- _____A) Behavior Management
- ____B) Social Connection
- ____C) Separation
- ____D) Resource Support
- ____E) Child Care
- 4. Safety management is concerned with controlling danger and threats of danger only, not changing family functioning or circumstances.
- _____True _____False
- 5. Conditions for return should be:
 - ____A) Official written statements
- B) Specific to each individual family
- _____C) Descriptive of what would be necessary in order to implement an in-home safety plan
- ____D) Discussed with the family
- ____E) All of the above

6. Not all cases transferred to Case Management will require safety management.

_____True _____False

7. Conditions for return are:

- A) Only developed when the safety plan is an out of home safety plan.
- B) Written statement that identifies specific circumstances that must exist within a child's home to implement an in home safety plan.
- ____ C) What must change in the caregivers protective capacity.
- D) Used to determine when a case can be closed.
- _____ E) A and B.

8. The least intrusive safety plan is out of home placement of a child.

____True ____False

- 9. Which of the following is not a true statement?
- _____A) Safety management is a passive function
- _____B) Safety plans may involve formal and informal service providers
- _____C) The case manager assumes the function of safety management at case transfer
- _____D) The case manager may have a service provider role in a safety plan
- ____E) Visitation management is an aspect of safety management

10. Change management and safety management have the following in common:

- _____A) They both deal in some way with caregiver protective capacities
- _____B) They are both addressed through the case plan
- _____C) They are both only the responsibility of the Case Manager
- _____D) They are both only carried out in in-home safety plan cases
- _____E) They both require judicial intervention